## The impact of Parton Distributions in determinations of $M_W$ in hadronic colliders

#### Juan Rojo

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W mass workshop, 18/03/2009



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PDFs and W mass determination

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# PDFS IN M<sub>W</sub> DETERMINATION



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- The differential distributions,  $m_T^W, p_T^1, p_T^\nu$  used to determine  $M_W$  are thus affected by (mostly quark) PDF uncertainties at  $Q^2 = M_W^2$  (x-range depends on collider)  $M_W$  from shape of distributions  $\rightarrow$  Reduced sensitivity to PDF normalizations



- At hadronic colliders, electroweak bosons (W/Z) are produced predominantly through  $q_i \bar{q}_j$  scattering
- The differential distributions, m<sup>W</sup><sub>T</sub>, p<sup>1</sup><sub>T</sub>, p<sup>ν</sup><sub>T</sub>, used to determine M<sub>W</sub> are thus affected by (mostly quark) PDF uncertainties at Q<sup>2</sup> = M<sup>2</sup><sub>W</sub> (x-range depends on collider) M<sub>W</sub> from shape of distributions → Reduced sensitivity to PDF normalizations
- PDF uncertainties fully correlated between experiments and channels at same collider (Ex. CDF/D0) ?



PDF uncertainties contribution important at Tevatron Estimations  $\rightarrow \delta_{M_W}^{\rm PDFs}(p_T^l) \sim 20$  MeV,  $\delta_{M_W}^{\rm PDFs}(p_T^{\nu}) \sim 13$  MeV,  $\delta_{M_W}^{\rm PDFs}(m_T^W) \sim 11$  MeV CDF First Run II  $M_W$  measurement, Phys. Rev. D 77, 112001 (2008)

$p_T$ Fit Uncertainties			
Source	$W \rightarrow \mu \nu$	$W \rightarrow e \nu$	Correlation
Tracker Momentum Scale	17	17	100%
Calorimeter Energy Scale	0	25	0%
Lepton Resolution	3	9	0%
Lepton Efficiency	6	5	0%
Lepton Tower Removal	0	0	0%
Recoil Scale	17	17	100%
Recoil Resolution	3	3	100%
Backgrounds	19	9	0%
PDFs	20	20	100%
W Boson $p_T$	9	9	100%
Photon Radiation	13	13	100%
Statistical	66	58	0%
Total	77	73	-



PDF effects are very different from Tevatron and LHC Tevatron probes PDFs for  $x \ge 10^{-3}$  ...





... while for LHC  $x \ge 10^{-5}$  in W production Small-x PDF evolution effects + larger PDF uncertainties





 $\rightarrow$  Small correlation at TeVatron between  $\sigma(W^{\pm})$  and  $q_k (x \leq 10^{-3}, Q^2 = M_W^2) \dots$  (Nadolsky et al., CTEQ6.6 study)





.. but sizable correlation at LHC between  $\sigma(W^{\pm})$  and  $q_k (x \le 10^{-3}, Q^2 = M_W^2)!$ PDF effects for  $M_W$  determination, which are already important at TeVatron, could become dominant at the LHC





CTEQ6.5/CTEQ6.6 (Phys.Rev.D78:013004,2008, JHEP 0702:053,2007)

- General Mass treatment of heavy quark mass effects
- Additional data sets, strange sector better determined
- Study of phenomenological implications at colliders for  ${\it W}$  production

From ZM (CTEQ6.1) to GM (CTEQ6.6)  $\rightarrow$  Sizable shift in  $\sigma(W^{\pm})$  at LHC Impact in  $M_W$  determination?



- CTEQ6.5/CTEQ6.6
- MSTW08 (arXiv:0901.0002)
  - New method for dynamical determination of tolerances  $T_i$
  - Additional data sets, but PDF errors larger because enlarged PDF params.
  - Corrected wrong implementation of GM-VFN which affected all MRST sets before 2006 (including MRST2004QED)
  - Neglected experimental correlations in most datasets



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PDFs and W mass determination

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- CTEQ6.5/CTEQ6.6
- 2 MSTW08
- NNPDF1.0 (Nucl.Phys.B809:1-63,2009), see later
  - Faithful determination of PDF errors from DIS data, ZM-VFN for HQ
  - Unbiased parametrizations (artificial neural networks)
  - No linear/gaussian approximations in error propagation



- CTEQ6.5/CTEQ6.6
- 2 MSTW08
- INNPDF1.0
- HERAPDF0.1 (arXiv:0901.2504)

Reduced uncertainties at small-*x* from final combined HERA I data set Extremely restrictive parametrization (artificial error reduction?)





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PDFs and W mass determination

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- CTEQ6.5/CTEQ6.6
- 2 MSTW08
- INNPDF1.0
- HERAPDF0.1
- Others: AKP08, GJR08 (dynamical partons), ....



## THE NNPDF APPROACH

The **NNPDF Collaboration**: R. D. Ball<sup>1</sup>, L. Del Debbio<sup>1</sup>, S. Forte<sup>2</sup>, A. Guffanti<sup>3</sup>, J. I. Latorre<sup>4</sup>, A. Piccione<sup>2</sup>, <u>Juan Rojo<sup>2</sup></u>, M. Ubiali<sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup>University of Edinburgh, <sup>2</sup> Università di Milano, <sup>3</sup>Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg, <sup>4</sup>Universitat de Barcelona



Standard PDF determinations (CTEQ/MSTW) might be affected by several drawbacks:

- Fixed functional forms, q<sub>i</sub>(x, Q<sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup>) = A<sub>i</sub>x<sup>b<sub>i</sub></sup>(1 x)<sup>c<sub>i</sub></sup>(1 + ...). Are they flexible enough?
- Artificial large tolerances  $\Delta \chi^2 \gg 1$ Are they really needed due to incompatible data
- 3 Gaussian linear error propagation Is this really enough for all observable
- Summary  $\rightarrow$  Both the PDF input parametrization (and flavour assumptions) and the statistical treatment (value of  $\Delta \chi^2$ ) need to be tuned to experimental data
- Situation not satisfactory, specially delicate to predict behaviour of PDFs in extrapolation regions like for the LHC at small-x
- Large tolerances  $\rightarrow$  Error blow-up by a factor  $S = \sqrt{\Delta \chi^2/2.7}$  $\rightarrow S_{\text{cteq}} \sim 6$ ,  $S_{\text{mstw}} \sim 4.5$  both in input data and in PDFs (B. Cousins, PDF4)

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• Generate  $N_{rep}$  Monte Carlo replicas  $F_i^{(art)(k)}$  of the original data  $F_i^{(exp)}$ 

$$F_{i}^{(\text{art})(k)} = \left(1 + r_{N}^{(k)}\sigma_{N}\right)\left(F_{i}^{(\text{exp})} + \sum_{p=1}^{N_{\text{sys}}} r_{p}^{(k)}\sigma_{i,p} + r_{i}^{(k)}\sigma_{i,s}\right)$$

• Evolve each PDF parametrized with Neural Nets  $q_{\alpha}^{(net)(k)}(x, Q_0^2)$  $F_i^{(net)(k)}(x, Q^2) = C_{i\alpha}(x, \alpha(Q^2)) \otimes q_{\alpha}^{(net)(k)}(x, Q^2)$ 

• Training: Minimize  $\chi^2$  using Genetic Algs. + Dynamical Stopping.

$$\chi^{2(k)} = \frac{1}{N_{\rm dat}} \sum_{i,j=1}^{N_{\rm dat}} \left( F_i^{(\rm art)(k)} - F_i^{(\rm net)(k)} \right) \left( \operatorname{cov}_{ij}^{-1} \right) \left( F_j^{(\rm art)(k)} - F_j^{(\rm net)(k)} \right)$$

• Set of trained NNs  $\rightarrow$  Representation of the PDFs probability density

$$\left\langle \mathcal{F}\left[q_{lpha}^{(\mathrm{net})}
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#### What are neural networks?

Each independent PDF at the initial scale  $Q_0^2 = 2 \text{GeV}^2$  is parameterized by a multi-layered feed-forward neural network.



- \* Each neuron receives input from neurons in preceding layer.
- Activation determined by weights and thresholds according to a non linear function:

$$\xi_i = g(\sum_j \omega_{ij}\xi_j - heta_i), \qquad g(x) = rac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$$

In a simple case (1-2-1) we have,



#### 7 parameters

...Just a convenient functional form which provides a redundant and flexible parametrization

Best fit to be independent of any assumptions in parametrization.



- NNPDF1.0  $\rightarrow$  DIS data, ZM-VFN, 5 independent PDFs,  $N_{par} \sim 200$  free parameters (Nucl.Phys.B809:1-63,2009)
- NNPDF1.1  $\rightarrow$  Independent parametrizations for  $s_{\pm}(x, Q_0^2)$  (arXiv:0811.2288 )
- NNPDF1.2 → Strangeness determination from dimuon data (in progress)
- NNPDF2.0  $\rightarrow$  Global fit DIS + Drell-Yan + W/Z prod. + Jets (in progress)

# PDFs AND $M_W$ DETERMINATION TOWARDS AN UPDATE



Juan Rojo (INFN Milano)

PDFs and W mass determination

New sets of PDFs with important updates  $\rightarrow$  Timely to revisit the impact of PDF uncertainties in  $M_W$  determination at TeVatron and LHC

Strategy:

- HORACE MC to generate the m<sup>W</sup><sub>T</sub> distribution with recent PDF sets with uncertainties
- Translate results into shifts of M<sub>W</sub> due to PDFs, δM<sup>PDFs</sup><sub>W</sub>, with FITTER (See C. Carloni's talk)
- Check distribution of M<sub>W</sub> obtained from different PDF sets with uncertainties: Asymmetric/Non-gaussian effects? Shifts in M<sub>W</sub> from different PDF sets compatible?



- INDRACE MC to generate the  $m_T^W$  distribution with recent PDF sets with uncertainties
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PDFs and W mass determination



• Differences in shape and normalization in individual NNPDF replicas

• Determine  $M_W$  independently for each error PDF  $M_W^{(k)}$  and compute uncertainties

$$\delta_{M_{W}}^{\text{PDFs}} \bigg|_{\text{NNPDF}} = \left( \frac{1}{N_{\text{rep}} - 1} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{\text{rep}}} \left( M_{W}^{(k)} - \langle M_{W} \rangle \right)^{2} \right)^{1/2}$$

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PDFs and W mass determination

# Effects in $M_W$ determination - Preliminary

PDF uncertainty in  $m_T^W$  channel close to CDF estimate:  $\delta_{M_W}^{\rm PDFs} (m_T^W) \sim 11 \text{ MeV}$ 





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#### This is not a conference but a workshop .... Thus we need to work!

- Confirm FITTER results with higher accuracy templates
- Generalize preliminary studies systematically to other PDF sets and other channels for M<sub>W</sub> determination: ρ<sup>1</sup><sub>T</sub>, ρ<sup>x</sup><sub>T</sub>
- Study the (potentially different) situation at LHC
- Single PDF set with photon PDF γ(x, Q<sup>2</sup>), MRST2004QED Need to update other sets (CTEQ/NNPDF) with QED effects?
- Exploit PDF correlations between channels/experiments?



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This is not a conference but a workshop .... Thus we need to work!

- Confirm FITTER results with higher accuracy templates
- **②** Generalize preliminary studies systematically to other PDF sets and other channels for  $M_W$  determination:  $p_T^1, p_T^{\nu}$
- Study the (potentially different) situation at LHC
- Single PDF set with photon PDF  $\gamma(x, Q^2)$ , MRST2004QED Need to update other sets (CTEQ/NNPDF) with QED effects?
- Section 2015 Se

